

Fill in from the list of possible answers; no answer is used more than once.

Possible answers:		Archaeology	Paleoanthropology	Yanomamo
Species	Myth	Theory	Science	Humanities
Mammals	Primates	Genus	Holistic	Culture
Great Chain of Being	Cultural Anthropology	Maya	Anthropodenial	

- _____ a sacred story that tells of the origin of the world or some aspect of it
- _____ knowledge that is based on observation and the formation and testing of hypotheses
- _____ a native South American people who believe the universe has four layers
- _____ a set of hypotheses that are well supported by evidence
- _____ a kind of study that sees all the parts and looks at all aspects, like anthropology
- _____ knowledge that is learned again by every generation
- _____ a system of classification, such as Linnaeus'
- _____ the order of mammals that are distinguished by opposable thumbs and fingernails
- _____ all animals that nurse their young
- _____ a group of animals that produce fertile offspring, such as the group *Ursus americanus*
- _____ a group that consists of several similar species, such as the group *Ursus*
- _____ the belief that animals do not have feelings, intentions and thoughts like humans do
- _____ a ranking of the natural world, common before Linnaeus
- _____ the branch of biological anthropology that studies human fossils

Circle the LETTER of the one best answer:

1. Which of these is NOT one of the four traditional sub-fields of anthropology?

- A. Archaeology B. Cultural Anthropology C. Physical Anthropology
 D. Linguistic Anthropology E. Forensic Anthropology

2. Linnaeus grouped species into larger categories such as families and orders based on their:

- A. visible external characteristics, such as color of fur B. whether they were edible
 C. important anatomical characters such as skeleton and teeth
 D. time of creation by God. E. Similarity to humans

3. Which is FALSE about Linnaeus' system for naming plants and animals?

- A. It used Latin. B. It was binomial — each species name had two parts
 C. The name of the genus is the first part of the name of the species
 D. Both parts are always capitalized — like Homo Sapiens

PRINT YOUR FIRST NAME _____ LAST NAME _____

Bonus question: What was significant about the time period called the Enlightenment?

